

EL Mini TOP VIEW LED 65-21-SR0200H-AM



Features

- Package : PLCC 2 package
- Color : Super Red
- Typ. Luminance Intensity : 600 mcd @ 20mA
- Viewing angle : 120°
- ESD : 2KV
- MSL : 3
- Qualified AEC-Q102
- Corrosion Robustness Class B1
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH.
- Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm)

Application

- Automotive Interior lighting.
- Cluster.

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1. Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward Current		I _F	5	20	50	mA	---
Luminous Intensity		I _v	450	600	1120	mcd	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage		V _F	1.75	2.0	2.75	V	I _F =20mA
Viewing Angle		φ	---	120	---	deg	I _F =20mA
Dominant Wavelength		λ _d	627	630	639	nm	I _F =20mA
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Solder)	Real	R _{th JS real}	---	---	160	K/W	I _F =20mA
	Electrical	R _{th JS el}	---	---	125	K/W	I _F =20mA

Notes:

1. Luminous Flux measurement tolerance: ±8%.
2. The data of Luminous Flux measured at thermal pad=25°C.
3. Forward voltage measurement tolerance: ±0.05V.
4. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

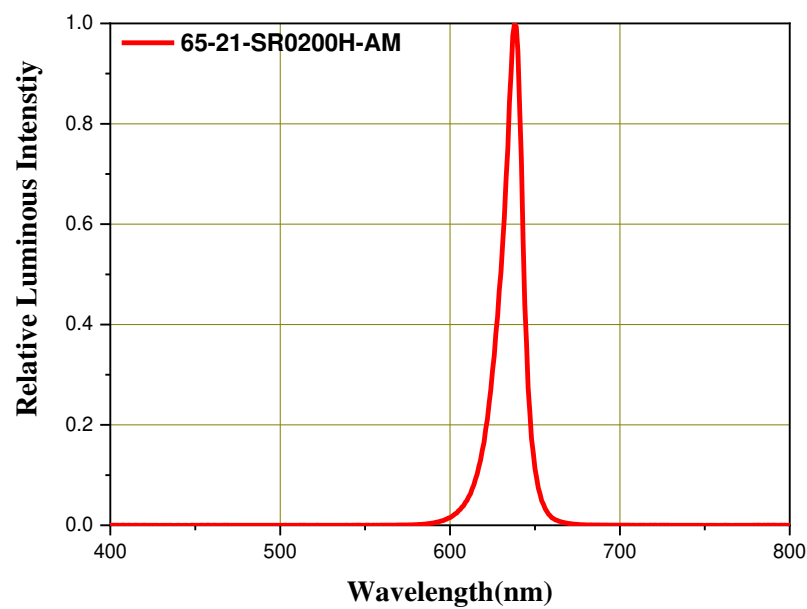
Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_d	137	mW
Forward Current	I_F	50	mA
Surge Current ($t \leq 10 \mu s$; $D=0.005$; $T_s=25^\circ C$)	I_{FM}	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	Not designed for reverse operation	V
Junction Temperature	T_J	125	$^\circ C$
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	$-40 \sim +110$	$^\circ C$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	$-40 \sim +110$	$^\circ C$
ESD Sensitivity ($R=1.5k\Omega$, $C=100pF$)	ESD_{HBM}	2	kV
Soldering Temperature	Reflow	$260^\circ C$ for 30sec	$^\circ C$

3. Characteristics Graph

Wavelength Characteristics Relative Spectral Distribution

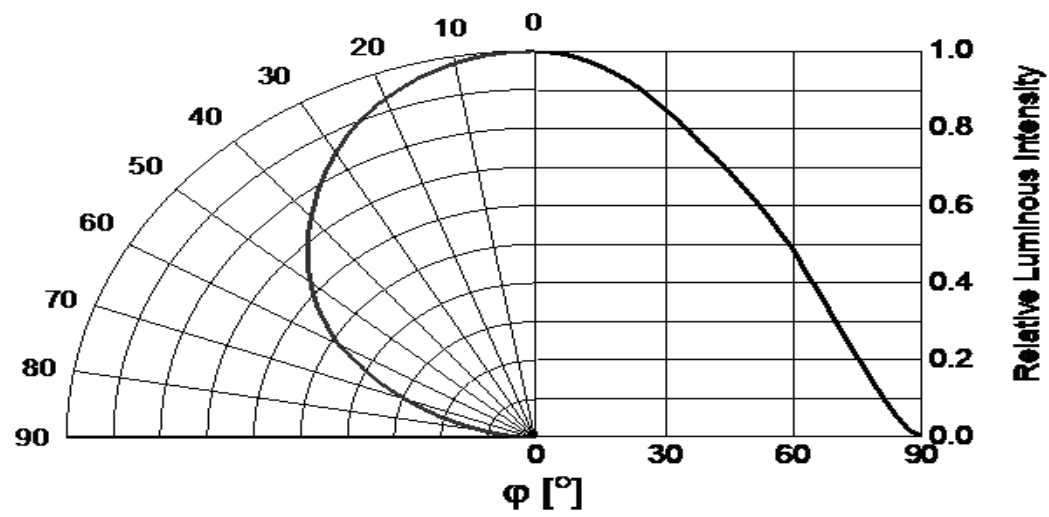
@ $T_s = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 20\text{mA}$

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V (\text{Max.}) = f(\lambda)$$



Typical Diagram Characteristics of Radiation

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V (0^{\circ}) = f(\varphi)$$



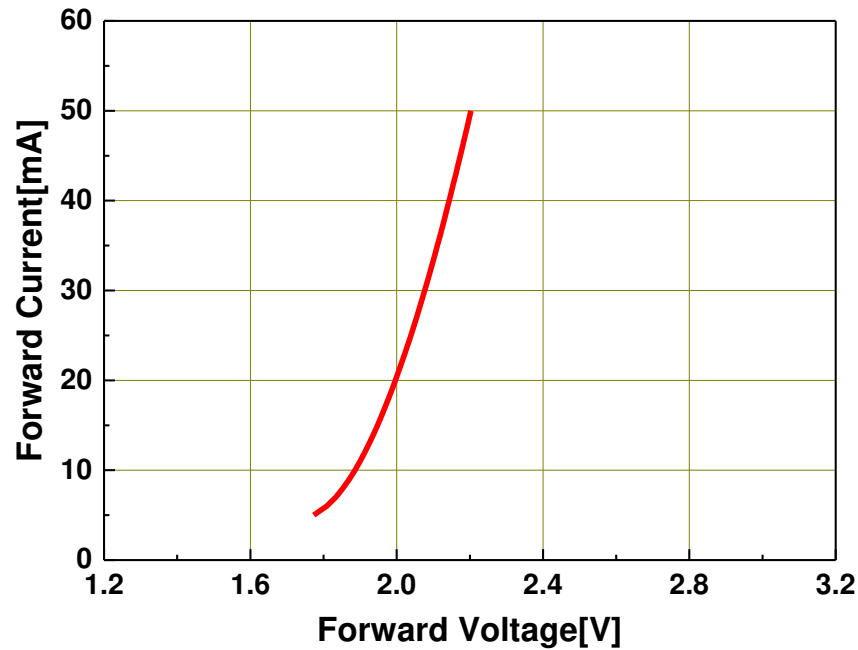
Notes:

1. φ is the off axis angle from lamp centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak value.
2. View angle tolerance is $\pm 5^{\circ}$.

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

@ Ts = 25°C

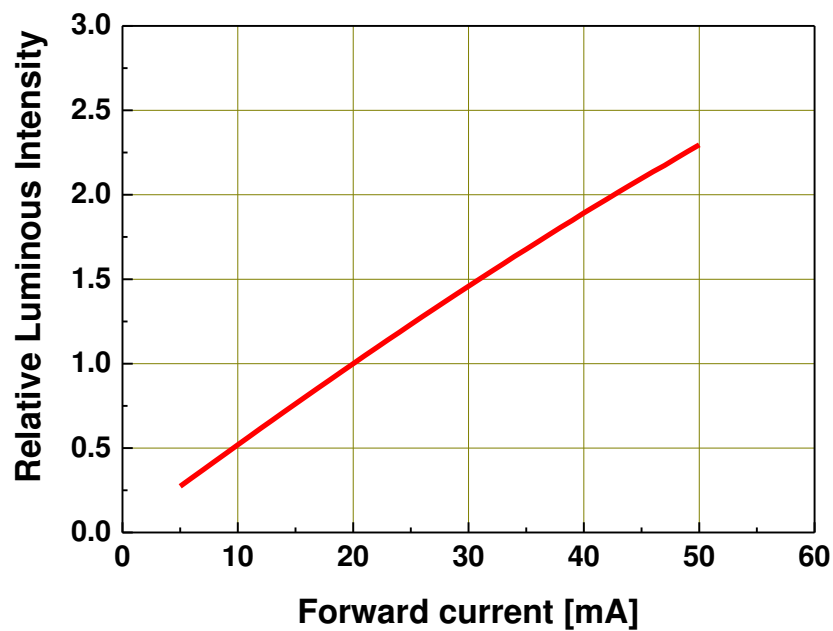
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

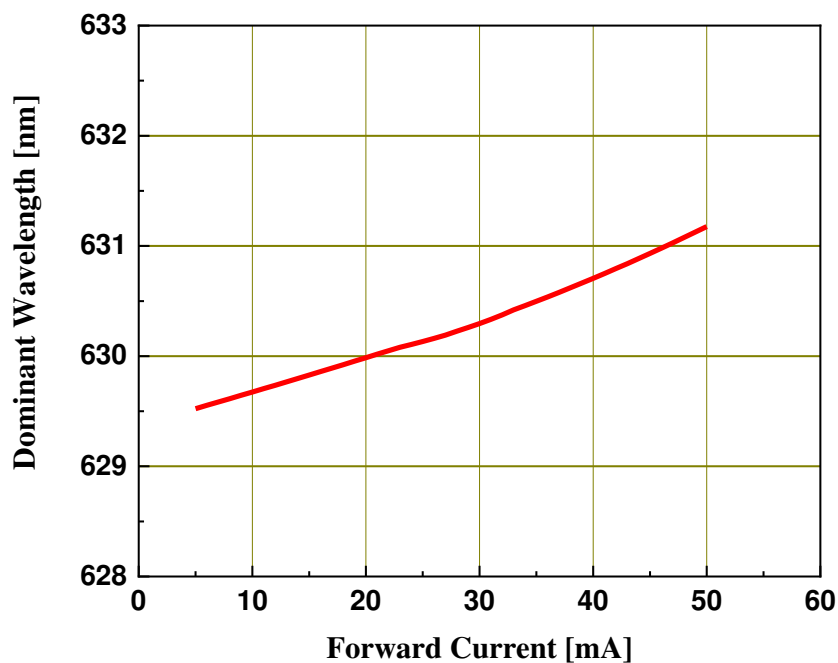
@ Ts = 25°C

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V(20mA) = f(I_F)$$



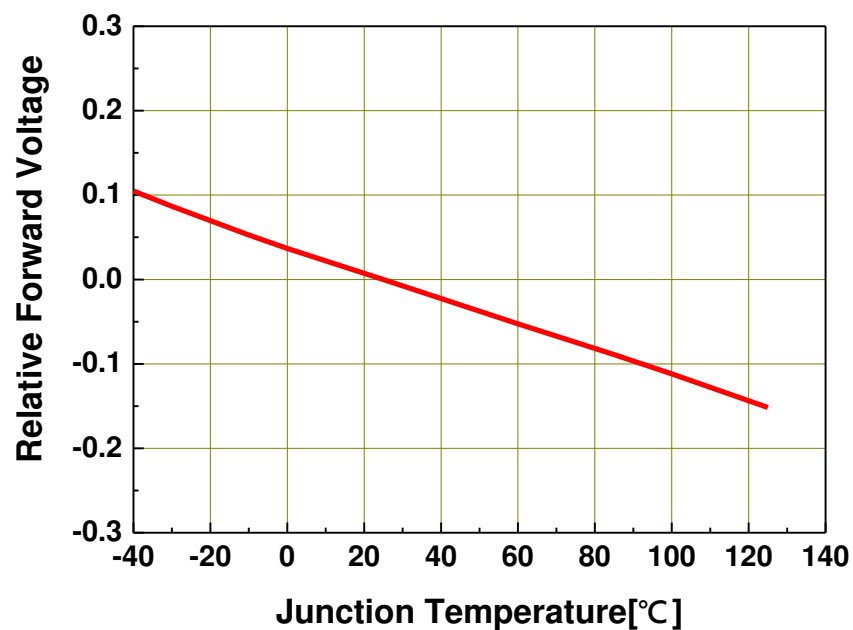
Dominant Wavelength vs. Forward Current @ $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$

$$\lambda_d = f(I_F)$$



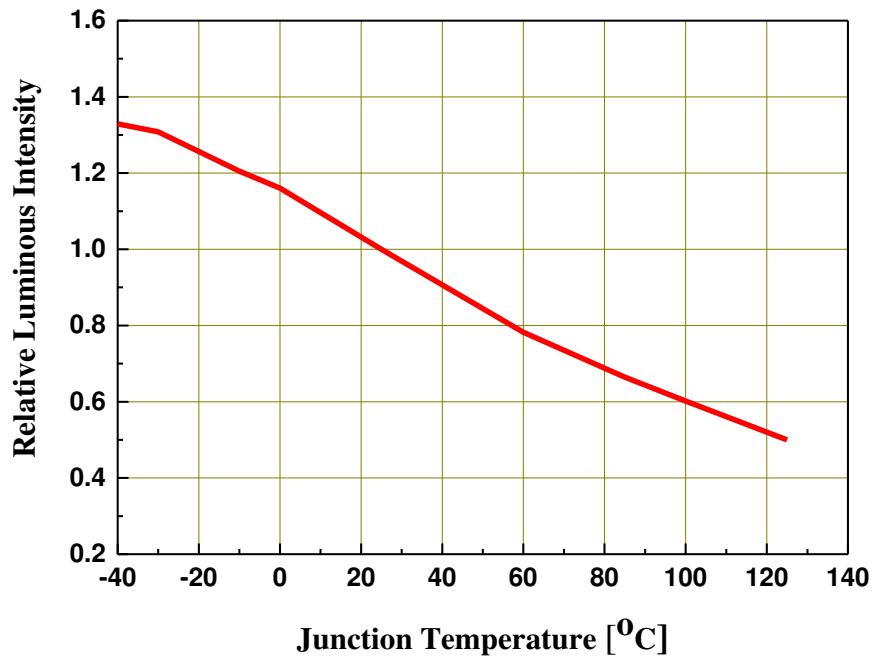
Relative Forward Voltage vs. Junction Temperature @ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$

$$\Delta V_F = V_F - V_F(25^\circ\text{C}) = f(T_j)$$



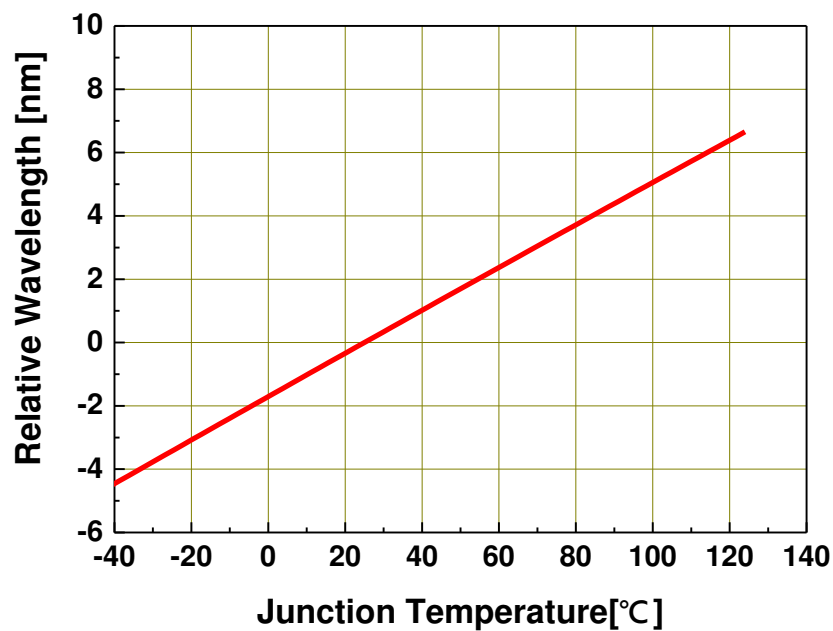
Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature @ $I_F=20\text{mA}$

$$\Phi_V / \Phi_V(25^\circ\text{C}) = f(T_j)$$



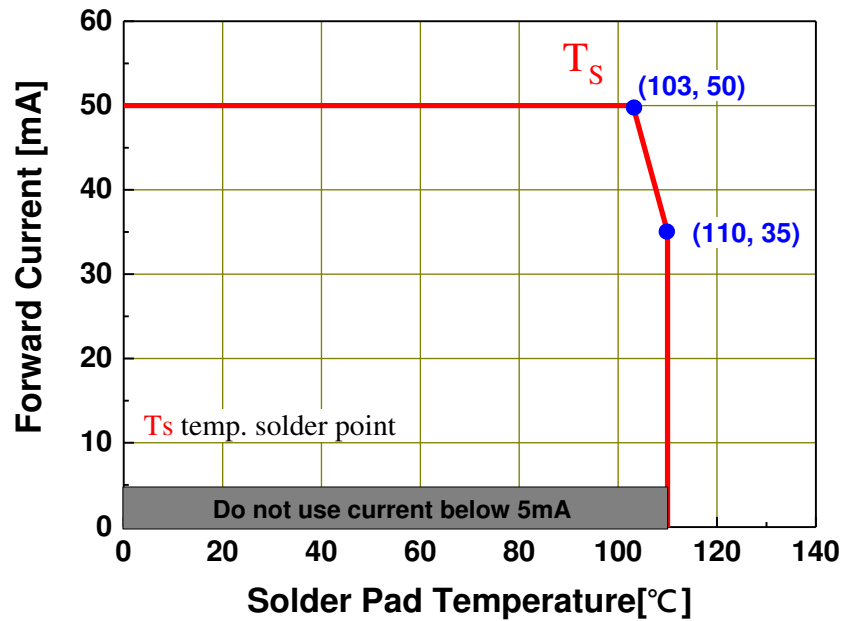
Relative Wavelength Shift vs. Junction Temperature @ $I_F=20\text{mA}$

$$\Delta\lambda_d = \lambda_d - \lambda_d(25^\circ\text{C}) = f(T_j)$$



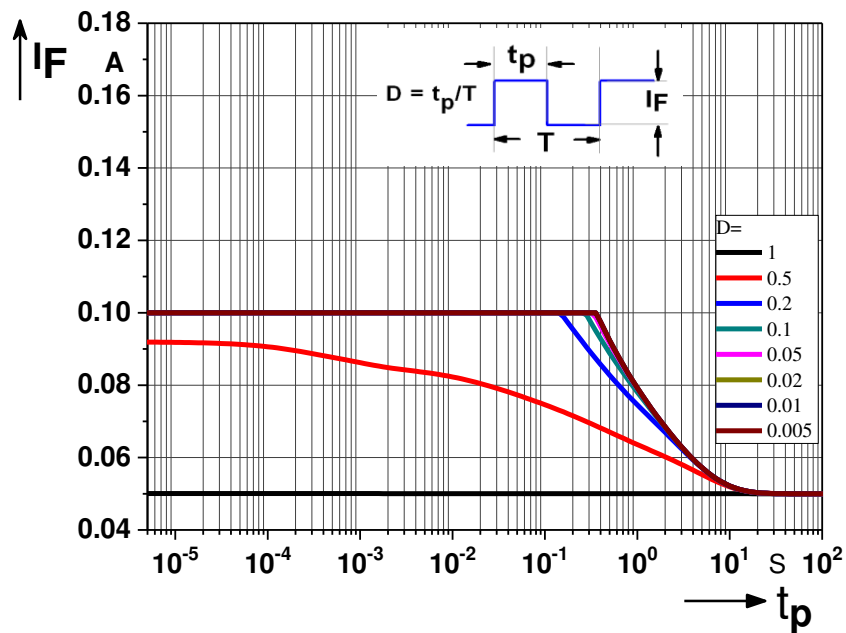
Forward Current Derating Curve

$$I_F = f(T_S)$$



Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

D =Duty cycle , $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4. Binning Information

Luminous Intensity Bins

Group Bin	Minimum Luminous Intensity (mcd)	Maximum Luminous Intensity (mcd)
L1	11.2	14
L2	14	18
M1	18	22.4
M2	22.4	28
N1	28	35.5
N2	35.5	45
P1	45	56
P2	56	71
Q1	71	90
Q2	90	112
R1	112	140
R2	140	180
S1	180	224
S2	224	280
T1	280	355
T2	355	450
U1	450	560
U2	560	710
V1	710	900
V2	900	1120
AA	1120	1400
AB	1400	1800
BA	1800	2240
BB	2240	2800
CA	2800	3550
CB	3550	4500
DA	4500	5600
DB	5600	7100
EA	7100	9000
EB	9000	11200
FA	11200	14000
FB	14000	18000
GA	18000	22400

Notes:

1. Luminous flux measurement tolerance: $\pm 8\%$.
2. Highlighted Black Box is possible output bins.

Dominant Wavelength Bins

Group Bin	Minimum Dominant Wavelength [nm]	Maximum Dominant Wavelength [nm]
5963	459	463
6367	463	467
6771	467	471
7175	471	475
1015	510	515
1520	515	520
2025	520	525
2530	525	530
3035	530	535
5861	558	561
6164	561	564
6467	564	567
6770	567	570
7073	570	573
7376	573	576
7679	576	579
7982	579	582
8285	582	585
8588	585	588
8891	588	591
9194	591	594
9497	594	597
9700	597	600
0003	600	603
0306	603	606
0609	606	609
0912	609	612
1215	612	615
1518	615	618
1821	618	621
2124	621	624
2427	624	627
2730	627	630
3033	630	633
3336	633	636
3639	636	639

Notes:

1. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: $\pm 1\text{nm}$.
2. Highlighted Black Box is possible output bins.

Forward Voltage Bins

Bin code	Min Forward Voltage [V]	Max Forward Voltage [V]
1012	1.00	1.25
1215	1.25	1.50
1517	1.50	1.75
1720	1.75	2.00
2022	2.00	2.25
2225	2.25	2.50
2527	2.50	2.75
2730	2.75	3.00
3032	3.00	3.25
3235	3.25	3.50
3537	3.50	3.75
3740	3.75	4.00
4042	4.00	4.25
4245	4.25	4.50
4547	4.50	4.75
4750	4.75	5.00
5052	5.00	5.25
5255	5.25	5.50
5557	5.50	5.75
5760	5.75	6.00
6062	6.00	6.25
6265	6.25	6.50
6567	6.50	6.75
6770	6.75	7.00

Notes:

1. Forward voltage measurement tolerance: $\pm 0.05\text{V}$.
2. Forward voltage bins are defined at $I_F = 20\text{mA}$ operation.
3. Highlighted Black Box is possible output bins.

5. Part Number

65-21-SR0200H-AM

Part number is designated with below details.

65-21 = Product family name.

SR = Color [1]

020 = Test current [mA]

0H = Internal Code

AM = Automotive application

Note

[1] Color :

Symbol	Description
B	Cool White
C	Cool White
N	Neutral White
W	Warm White
PA	Phosphor Converted Amber
PR	Phosphor Converted Red
UB	Blue
IB	Ice Blue
SB	Sky Blue
UP	Purple
UG	Green
UY	Yellow
UYG	Brilliant Yellow Green
UPG	Pale Green
UA	Amber
UR	Red
SR	Super Red
RGB	RGB-Color
PYG	Phosphor Converted Yellow Green

6. Ordering Information

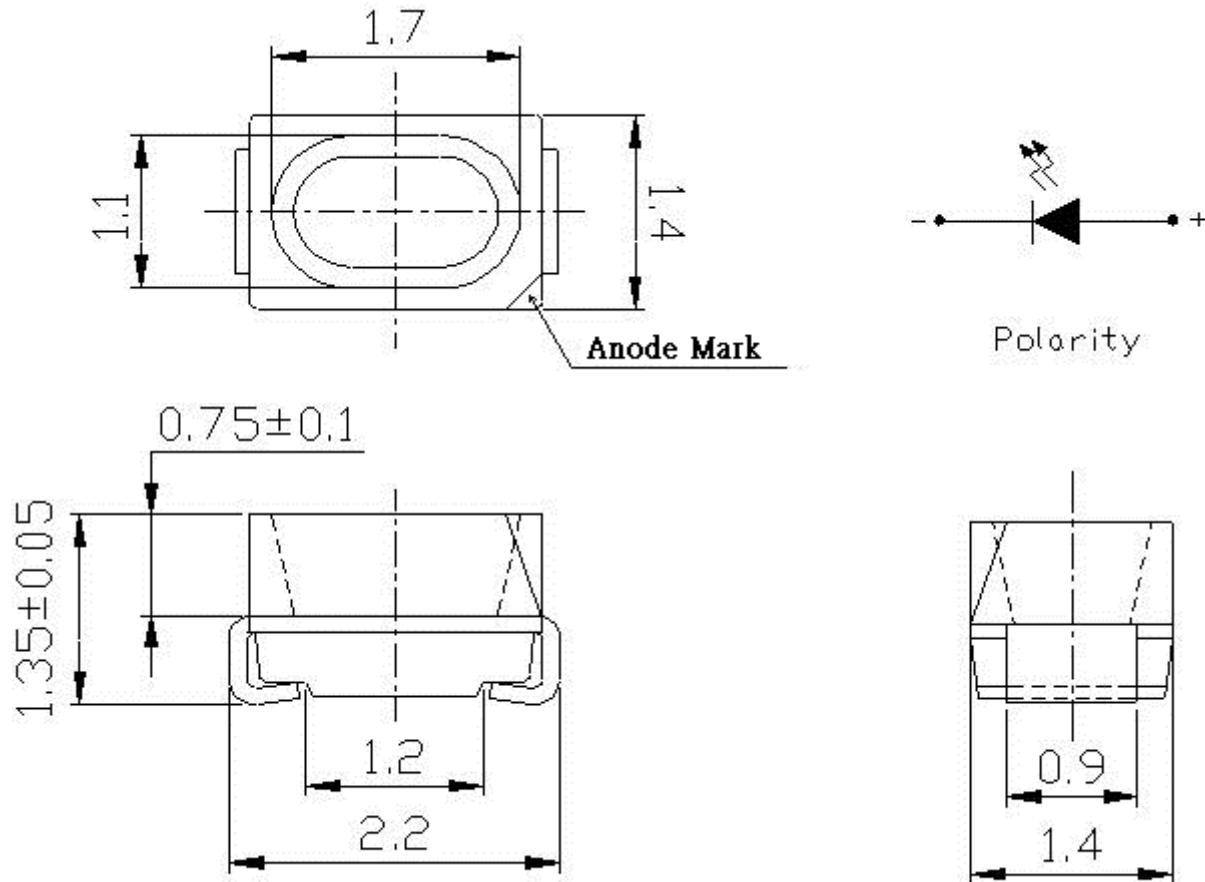
65-21-SR0200H-**ABCDEFGHJKLM-NO-AM**

Part Number of the 65-21	Order Code
65-21-SR0200M-AM	65-21-SR0200M-ABCDEFGHJKLM-NO-AM

Order code contains information with below details :

- ABCD = min/max wavelength or CCT
- EFGH = min./max. luminous flux in [lm] or luminous intensity in [mcd]
- JKLM = min./max. forward voltage
- NO = internal code
- AM = Automotive Application

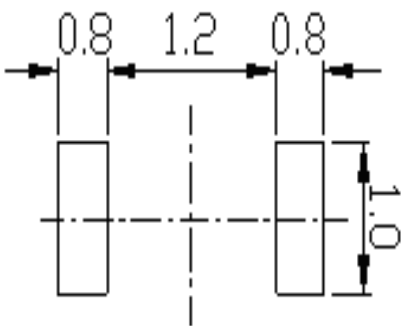
7. Mechanical Dimension



Notes:

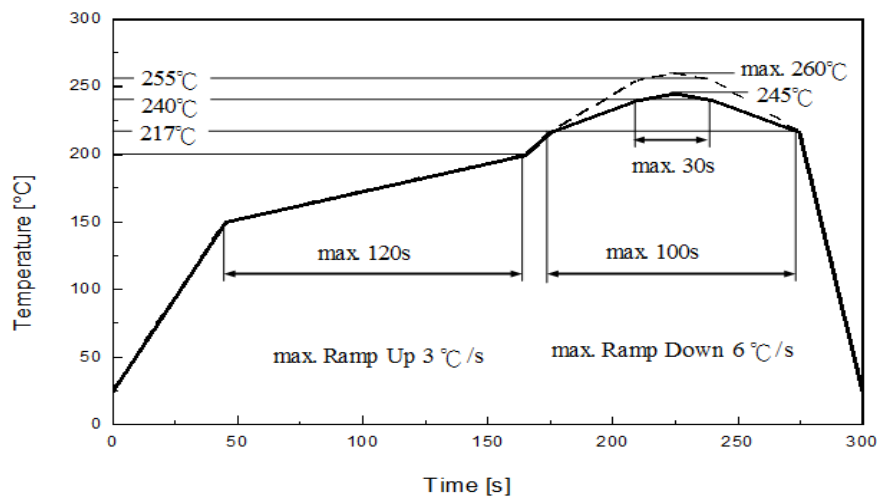
1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerances unless mentioned are ± 0.1 mm.

8. Recommended Soldering Pad



9. Reflow Soldering Profile

Soldering Condition (Reference: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D)



Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly	Unit
	Recommendation	
Ramp-up rate to preheat 25 °C to 150 °C	3	°C /sec
Time of soaking zone 150 °C to 200 °C	120	sec
Ramp-up rate to peak	3	°C /sec
Liquidus temperature	217	°C
Time above liquidus temperature	100	sec
Peak temperature (max.)	260	°C
Time within 5°C of the specified peak temperature	30	sec
Ramp-down Rate (max.)	6	°C /sec

10. Packaging Information

● Product Labeling

RoHS

Pb

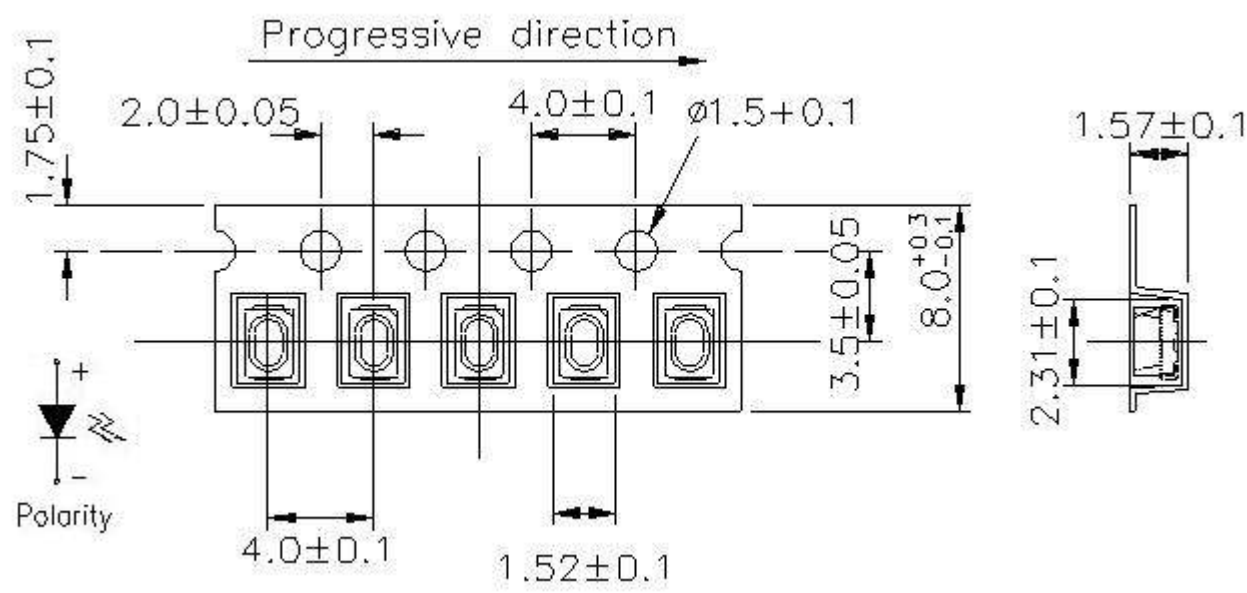
EVERLIGHT

5

CPN : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXX
P/N : XXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXX
LOT No:Y150716XXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX
QTY: 0123456789 HUE: XXXXXXXXXXXX
CAT: XXXXXXXXXXXX REF: XXXXXXXXXXXX
REFERENCE: BTPYYMDDXXXXX
MSL-X MADE IN XXXXXX

- CPN : Customer's Product Number
- P/N : Everlight Part Number
- QTY : Packing Quantity
- CAT : Luminous Flux (Brightness) Bin
- HUE : Color Bin
- REF : Forward Voltage Bin
- LOT No : Lot Number

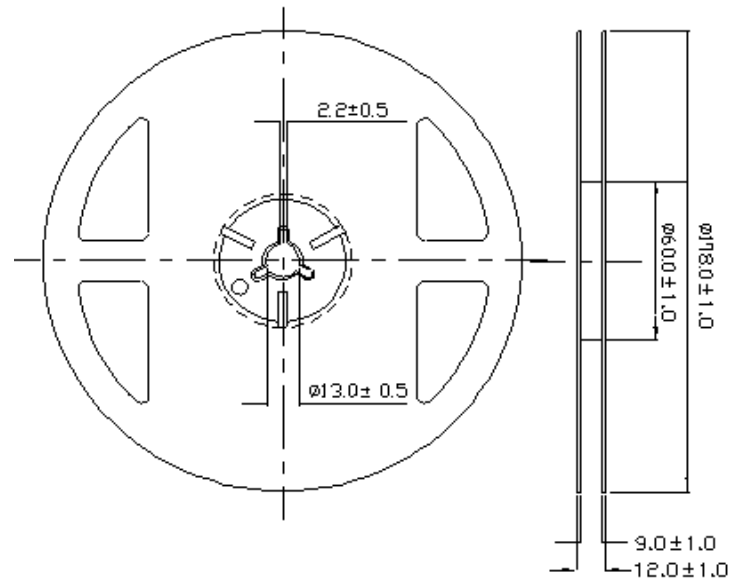
● Packing: Loaded Quantity 2000 pcs Per Reel



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.

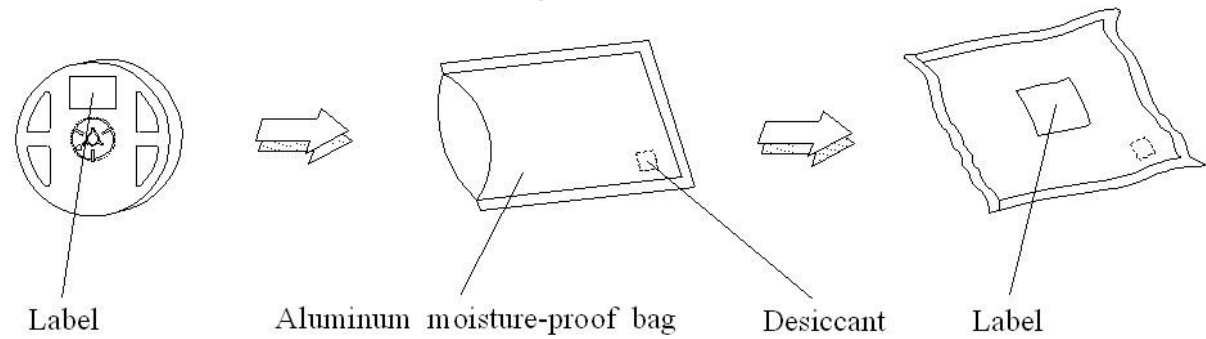
● Reel Dimensions



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerances unless mentioned are $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$.

● Moisture Resistant Packing Process



Notes:

1. Dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerances unless mentioned are $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$.

11. Precaution for Use

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (burn out will happen).

2. Assemblies

Do not stack assemblies containing LEDs to prevent damage to the optical surface of LEDs. Forces applied to the optical surface may result in the surface being damaged.

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

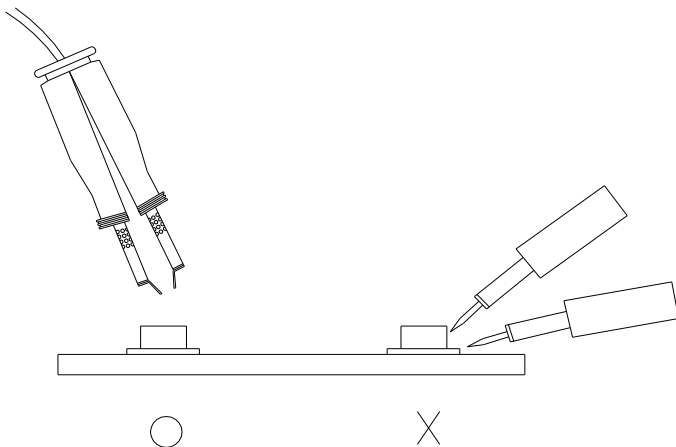
3.2 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



12. Sulfur Test Criteria

Products	Failure Criteria
Exterior Lighting products	Luminous Flux +/-20%, forward voltage +/-10%, color coordinates x,y +/-0.01, color wavelength +/- 2 nm Visual defect issue following Everlight's inspection criteria
Interior lighting products	Luminous Flux +/-30% or +/-50% for some application, forward voltage +/-10%, color coordinates x,y +/-0.02, color wavelength +/- 2 nm Visual defect issue following Everlight's inspection criteria

H2S test	Grade A0	Grade A1	Grade B0	Grade B1
Class A	Pass ΔIV , $\Delta Color$, ΔVF criteria No Corrosion	Pass ΔIV , $\Delta Color$, ΔVF criteria Corrosion without the impact on reliability and lifetime		
Class B			Pass ΔIV , $\Delta Color$, ΔVF criteria No Corrosion	Pass ΔIV , $\Delta Color$, ΔVF criteria Corrosion without the impact on reliability and lifetime

Condition for H2S and FMG	Description	
	H2S	FMG
Class A	15 ppm with duration 336 h at 40 °C and 90% RH	Duration 500 h at 25 °C and 75% RH. H2S concentration: 10ppb SO2 concentration: 200ppb NO2 concentration: 200ppb Cl2 concentration: 10ppb
Class B	10 ppm with duration 500 h at 25 °C and 75% RH	

Grade for H2S Test	Description
0	No Corrosion
1	Corrosion without the impact on reliability and lifetime