



LED Display Product Data Sheet LTS-2807SKG-P

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LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

LED DISPLAY
 LTS-2807SKG-P

LED DISPLAY

LTS-2807SKG-P

<u>Rev</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>Date</u>
01	Preliminary Spec.	James Chen	06/20/2009

Above data for PD and Customer tracking only

-	NPPR Received and Upload on System	James Chen	06/20/2009
A	Update spec	James Chen	09/15/2009
B	Update symbol marking	Erin Cheng	05/13/2016
C	Update Packing spec. in page 9	Reo Lin	01/13/2020
D	Add 1. 2.Package Dimensions:5.49mm and 3.75mm 2. 5. Rating and Characteristics:Notes 4,5 3. 8.CAUTIONS	Erin Cheng	12/24/2023
E	Add CAUTIONS	Weber Chen	12/30/2025

LED DISPLAY

LTS-2807SKG-P

1. Description

The LTS-2807SKG-P is a 0.2 inch (5.08 mm) digit height single digit SMD display. This device utilizes AlInGaP green LED chips which are made from AlInGaP on a non-transparent GaAs. The display has gray face and white segments.

1.1 Features

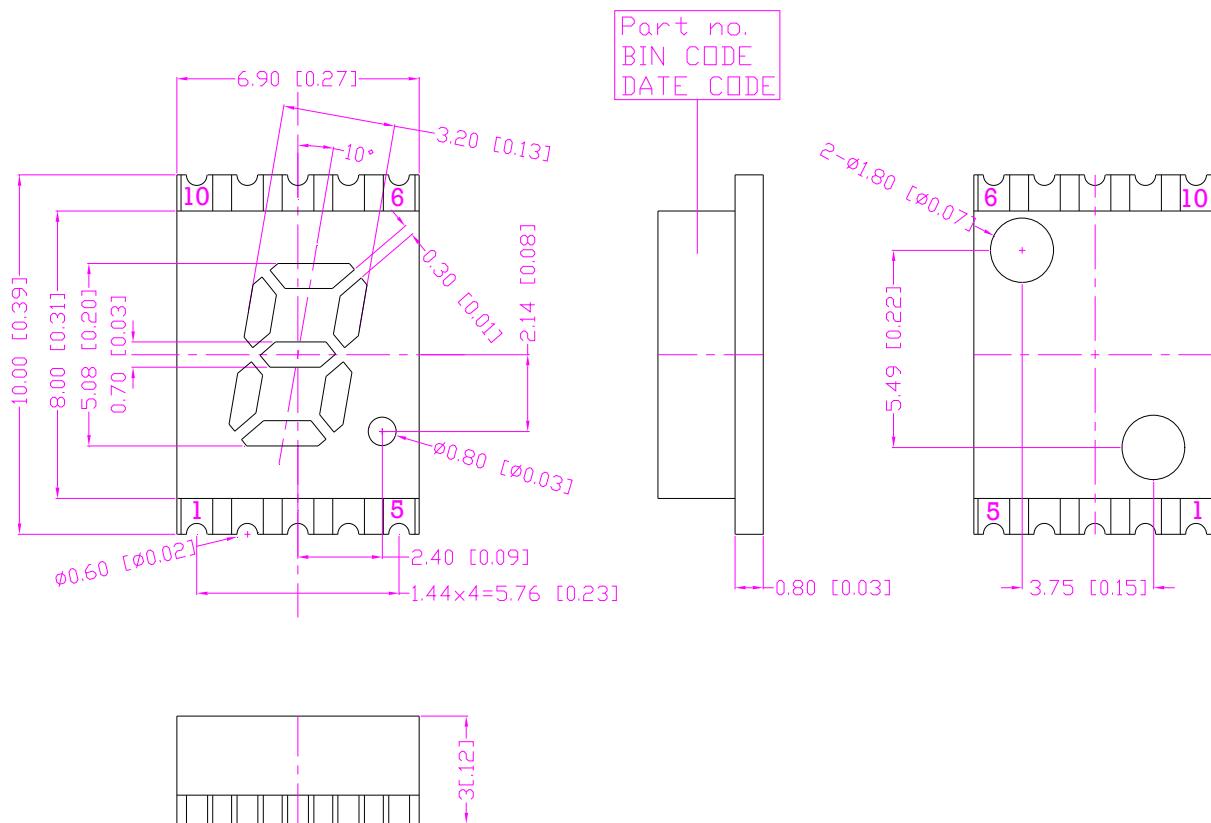
- 0.2 inch (5.08 mm) DIGIT HEIGHT
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS & HIGH CONTRAST
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- LEAD-FREE PACKAGE(ACCORDING TO ROHS)

1.2 Device

Part No	Description
AlInGaP Green	Common Anode
LTS-2807SKG-P	Rt. Hand Decimal

LED DISPLAY LTS-2807SKG-P

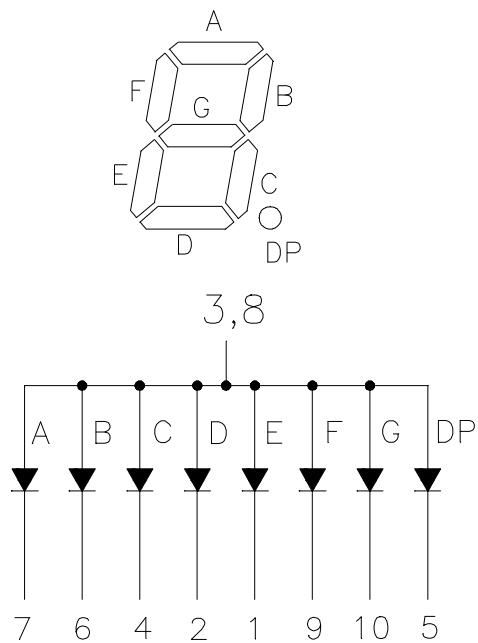
2. Package Dimensions



Notes :

1. All dimensions are in millimeters. Tolerances are ± 0.25 mm (0.01") unless otherwise noted
2. Foreign material on segment ≤ 10 mil
3. Ink contamination (surface) ≤ 20 mils
4. Bubble in segment ≤ 10 mil
5. Bending $\leq 1\%$ of reflector length
6. Plastic pin's burr max is 0.1 mm
7. Marking P/N is 2807SKG-P only, remove LTS due to small size

3. Internal Circuit Diagram



4. Pin Connection

No	Connection
1	CATHODE E
2	CATHODE D
3	COMMON ANODE
4	CATHODE C
5	CATHODE DP
6	CATHODE B
7	CATHODE A
8	COMMON ANODE
9	CATHODE F
10	CATHODE G

LED DISPLAY

LTS-2807SKG-P

5. Rating and Characteristics

5.1. Absolute Maximum Rating at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation Per Segment	70	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	25	mA
	0.28	mA/°C
Operating Temperature Range	-35°C to +105°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-35°C to +105°C	
Iron Soldering Conditions: 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C		

5.2. Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Test Condition
Average Luminous Intensity Per Segment	IV	400	700		μcd	IF=1 mA Notes 1
			8400			IF=10mA Notes 1
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp		574		nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		15		nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd		571		nm	IF=20mA Notes 5
Forward Voltage Per Chip	VF		2.0	2.4	V	IF=20mA Notes 4
Reverse Current Per Segment ⁽²⁾	IR			100	μA	VR=5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio (Similar Light Area)	IV-m			2:1		IF=1mA

Notes :

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve. Tolerance is 15%
2. Reverse voltage is only for IR test. It cannot continue to operate at this situation
3. Cross talk specification \leq 2.5%
4. Tolerance of Forward Voltage is \pm 0.1V
5. Dominate wavelength tolerance is \pm 1nm

LED DISPLAY
LTS-2807SKG-P

5.3. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

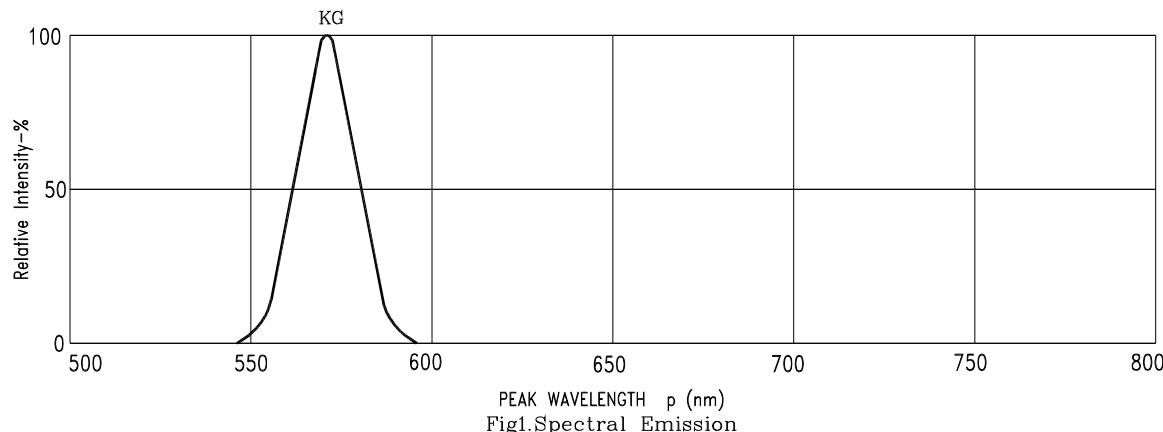


Fig1. Spectral Emission

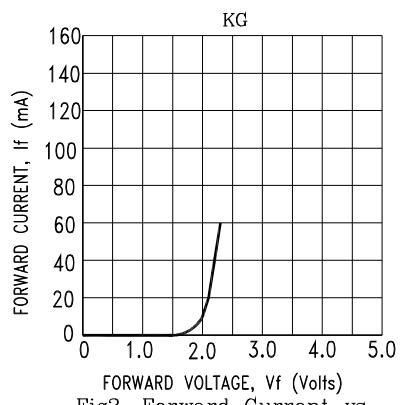


Fig2. Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage

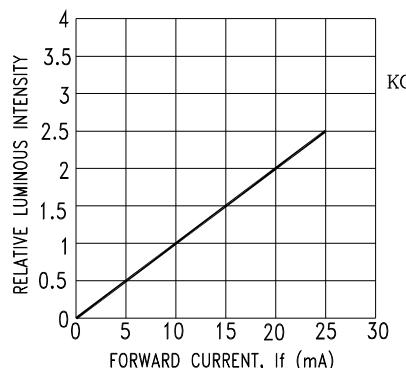


Fig3. Relative Luminous Intensity
vs. DC Forward Current

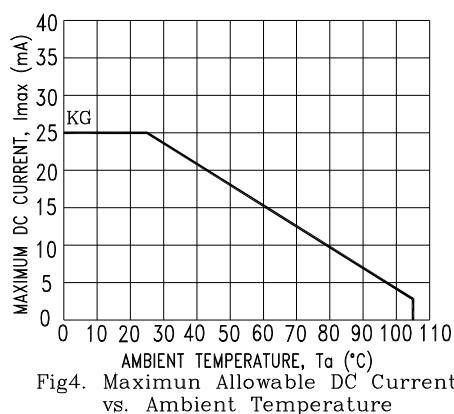


Fig4. Maximum Allowable DC Current
vs. Ambient Temperature

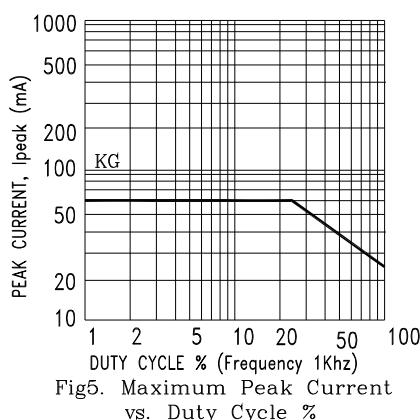
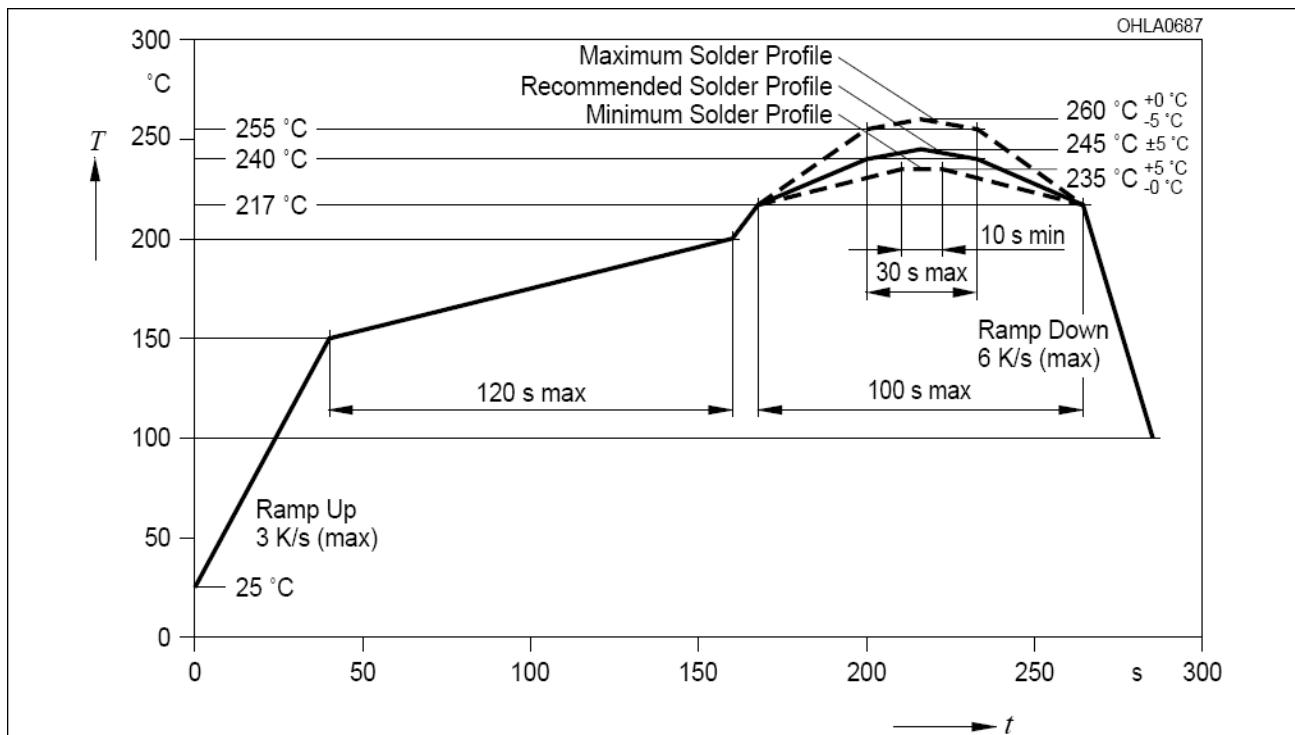


Fig5. Maximum Peak Current
vs. Duty Cycle %

NOTE : KG=AlInGaP Green

6. SMT SOLDERING INSTRUCTION

(Number of reflow process shall be less than 2 times, and cooling process to normal temperature is required between the first and the second soldering process)



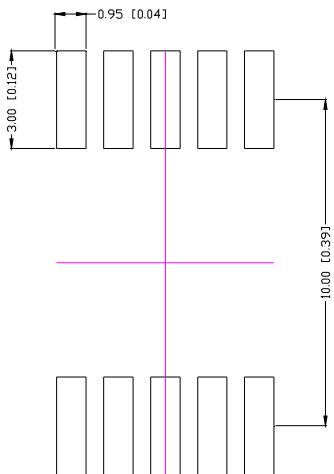
Notes :

1. Recommended soldering condition

Reflow Soldering (Two times only)		Soldering Iron (One time only)	
Pre-heat:	120~150°C.	Temperature	300°C Max.
Pre-heat time:	120sec. Max.	Soldering time	3sec. Max.
Peak temperature:	260°C Max.		
Soldering time:	5sec. Max.		

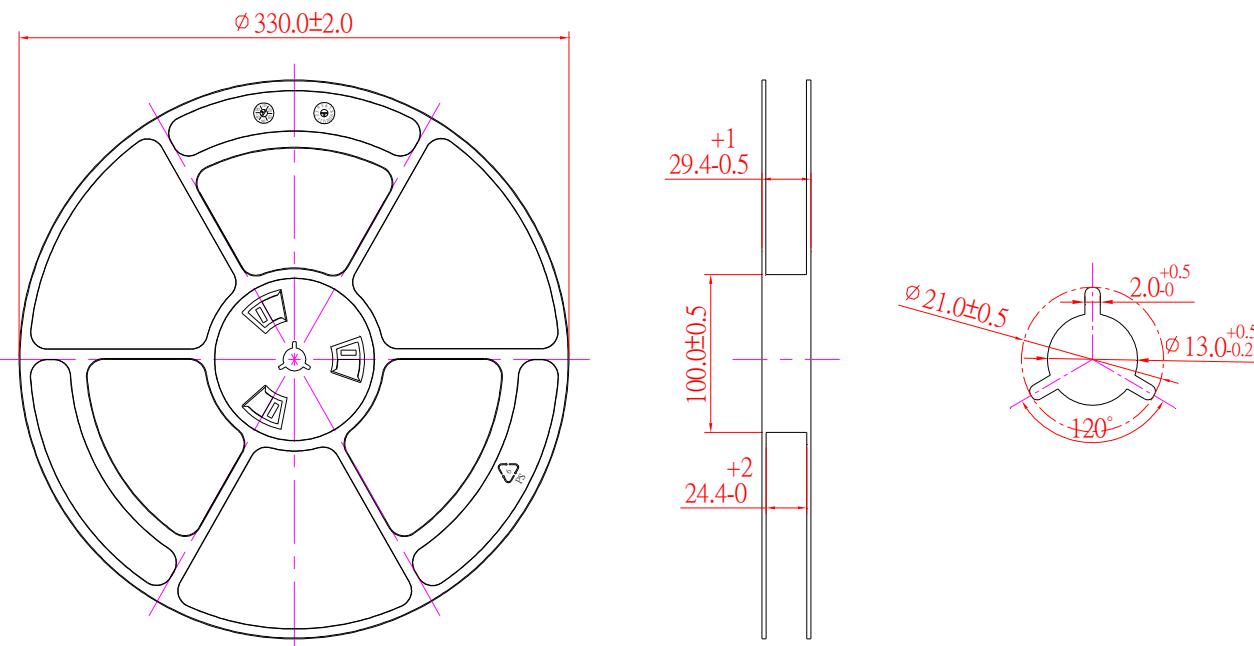
2. Number of reflow process shall be less than 2 times, and cooling process to normal temperature is required between the first and the second soldering process.

7. Recommended Soldering Pattern

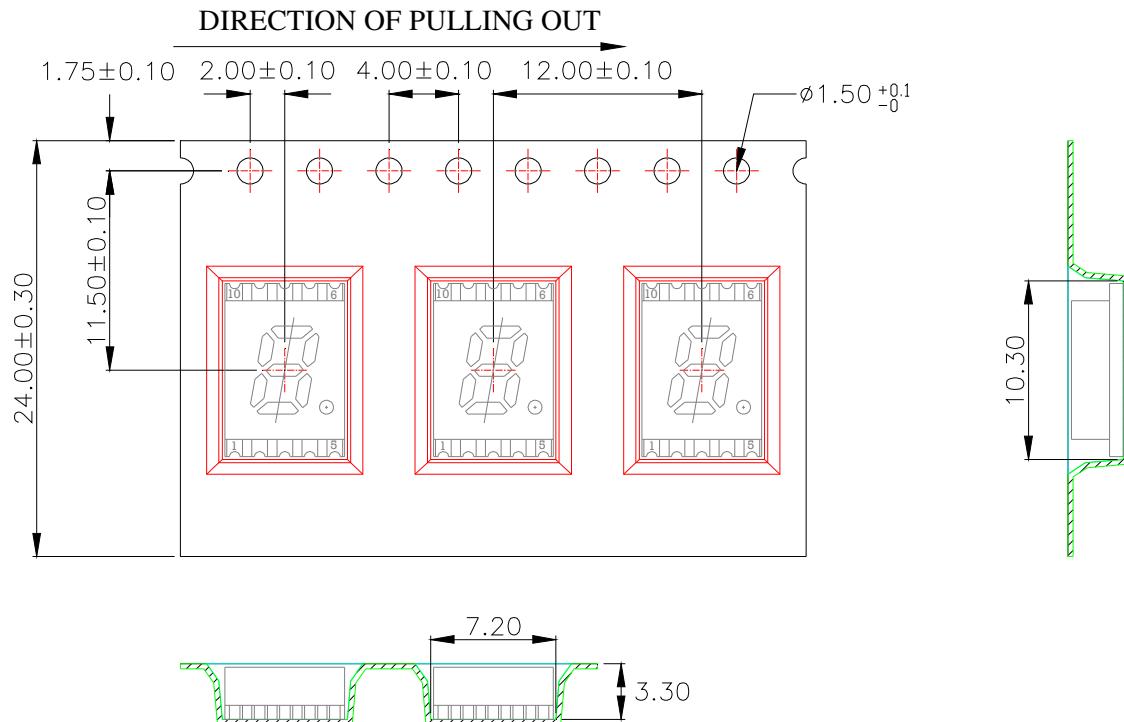


8. Packing Specification

8.1. Packing Reel Dimensions

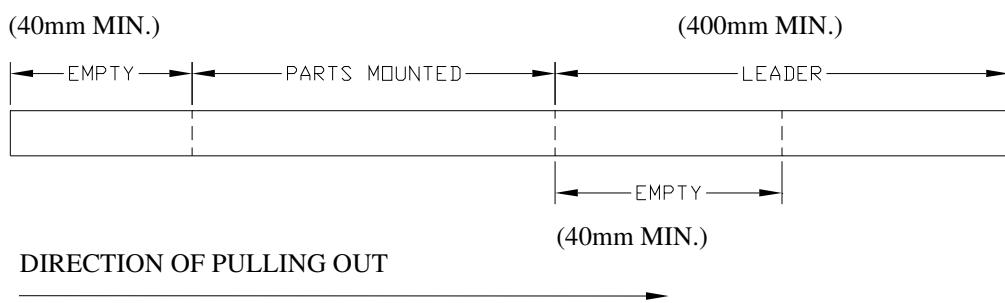


8.2. Packing Carrier Dimensions



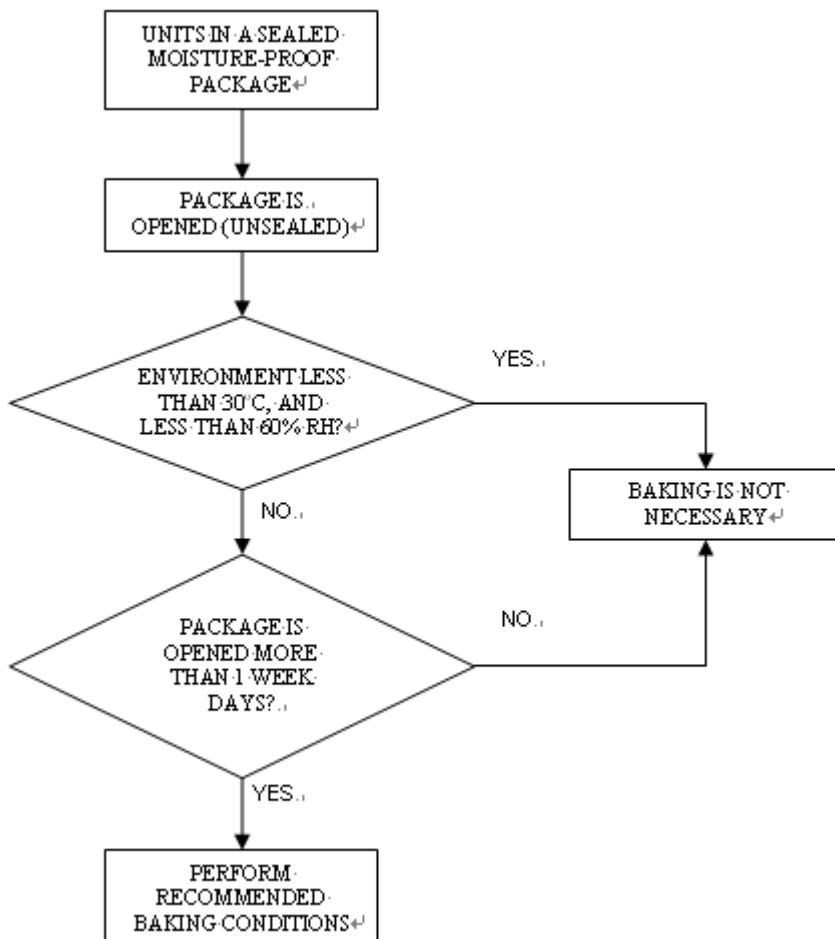
1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ± 0.20 .
2. Carrier camber is within 1 mm in 250 mm.
3. Material : Black Conductive Polystyrene Alloy.
4. All dimensions meet EIA-481-D requirements.
5. Thickness : 0.30 ± 0.05 mm.
6. Packing length per 22" reel : 56.5 Meters.(1:3)
7. Component load per 13" reel : 1000 pcs.
8. Minimum packing quantity is 250 pcs for remainders

8.3. Trailer part / Leader part



9. Moisture Proof Packing

All N/D SMD displays are shipped in moisture proof package. The displays should be stored at 30°C or less and 60% RH or less. Once the package opened, moisture absorption begins.



If the parts are not stored in dry conditions, they must be baked before reflow to prevent damage to the parts. Baking should only be done once

Package	Temperature	Time
In Reel	60°C	≥48hours
In Bulk	100°C	≥4hours
	125°C	≥2hours

10. CAUTIONS

10.1. Application

- The display described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the display may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).
- When using this LED display, please make sure absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. LITEON will not be responsible for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
- Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.
- The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LEDs inside the display against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
- Constant current driving is recommended to ensure consistent performance.
- Circuit design must cater to the whole range of forward voltage (VF) of the LEDs inside the display to ensure the intended drive current can always be achieved.
- The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
- Reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.
- Avoid rapid changes in ambient temperatures, especially in high-humidity environments, because they cause condensation on the LED/LED display.
- Do not use unsuitable tool or assembly method to have abnormal force on display body cause damage.
- Printing/pattern film is using pressure sensitive glue to stick on LED display surface, not recommend to let LED display pattern film side close contact with front panel/cover, since the printing/pattern film may shift or moved from original position by external force.
- Recommend choose same BIN LED display while you assemble 2 or above 2 pcs LED display for one set application to avoid hue uneven problems.

LED DISPLAY LTS-2807SKG-P

10.2. Storage conditions

- LED Display standard storage condition.

Product in the original packaging material state is recommended storage conditions.

Temperature Condition: 5°C~30°C

Humidity Condition: Below 60%RH

If the storage conditions do not meet specification standards, the LED display pins may become oxidized requiring re-plating and re-sorting before use. Suggest customers consume display as soon as possible, and avoid long-term storage of large inventories. If the product has not been stored in a moisture-barrier bag or the moisture-barrier bag has been opened for more than 6 months, it is recommended to bake at 60°C for 48 hours and assemble within one week.

- LED SMD Display standard storage condition

When the package is in factory original sealed bag.

Temperature Condition: 5°C~30°C

Humidity Condition: Below 60%RH

When the package is opened and not in factory original sealed bag.

Temperature Condition: 5°C~30°C

Humidity Condition: Below 60%RH

Storage time: Within 168Hr (MSL as level 3)

If the storage conditions do not meet specification standards, the LED display pins or soldering pads may become oxidized requiring re-plating and re-sorting before use. Suggest customers consume display as soon as possible, and avoid long-term storage of large inventories.

- Recommend to baking the LEDs at 60 °C for 24hrs before soldering process if the LED SMD Display were unpacked more than 168hrs.

- Recommend using sealed package within 12 months.

- The Displays should not be exposed to an environment where high level of moisture or corrosive gases are present.

- LED display pins and soldering pads are plated with gold, tin, or other metals. Under long-term exposure to open air, the exposed pins and pads may become oxidized causing poor solderability. Therefore opened but unused parts must be stored in sealed containers or controlled environment. Suggest to store unused SMD Display parts in the original moisture barrier bag and sealed.

- Moisture control for components already mounted on PCB

If the PCB will not undergo additional reflow soldering or high-temperature processes, then no special treatment is required for the mounted moisture-sensitive SMD components. If the PCB will undergo multiple reflow soldering or other high-temperature processes, including rework, then the SMD component's cumulative exposure time until the final high-temperature process must be controlled to within the specified time limit.

10.3. Cleaning

LED DISPLAY LTS-2807SKG-P

- Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean display they could harm the package.

10.4. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage LED inside the display.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LED displays.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery, working tables, storage racks, etc. must be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED display plastic as a result of friction between LED display during storage and handling.

10.5. Terms and conditions for the usage of this document

- Keep same appearance and performance the contents of the product may be modified for productivity and reliability improvement without prior notice.
- The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, LITEON will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
- Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.
- The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with LITEON representative for further assistance.
- The contents and information of this document may not be reproduced or re-transmitted without permission by LITEON.
- When any special process such as potting is required for LED display assembly, please consult with LITEON representative before proceeding.
- Over-current-proof
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).